

## CONSOLIDATED APPEAL 2010 UGANDA: REFUGEES -SECTOR MAY-AUGUST PROGRESS CHART

The progress chart operates in two levels: The text in each box expresses the indicators of the clusters and the colors show the trend, toward meeting the target by the end of 2010.

ON TRACK: Target already met or expected to be met	CHALLENGE / UNABLE TO MEET THE TARGET: This target is not expected to be met
MINOR GAPS: Programming challenges and/or gaps in delaying progress in some areas	INSUFFICIENT DATA: Unable to monitor or indicator not applicable for this quarter
MAJOR GAPS: Programming challenges and/or gaps in delaying progress in many areas	

UNHCR continues to render protection and humanitarian assistance to 149,289 refugees and asylum seekers countrywide, the majority of whom are hosted in various settlements in Western Uganda. Additionally, some 37,298 others in urban areas, Kampala specifically, are under the care of UNHCR. The Office continues to seek durable solutions through resettlement and voluntary return, notably to South Sudan and Kenya. With an aim to increase assistance to the most at risk population, UNHCR conducted an assessment, identification and verification of Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs).

There are noted gaps in education service delivery, support to PSNs, and provision of basic domestic items. Overcrowding in class rooms still remains a challenge. Additionally, the host population in the catchments areas of the settlement receives health treatment in the settlement, which is causing drug shortages. Therefore, required actions include:

- Construction of additional classroom blocks and teachers accommodation;
- Construction of an in-patient ward (Rwanyawawa Health Center III, Kyangwali settlement);
- Interventions to ensure adequate drug supplies, improved access to essential drugs and specialized treatment; and
- Increased support to PSNs and other extremely vulnerable individuals (EVIs)

### CAP 2010 STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1: BASIC SERVICES To supplement Government efforts to save lives and alleviate suffering, as the basis for creating the conditions to achieve Durable Solutions.

TARGET INDICATORS	100% refugees are registered and updated	Government supported in provision of protection and assistance in accordance with international and national laws	100% PSNs, older persons, women, children and disabled persons provided with required specialized services for improved independence	
	Number of refugees that have successfully been provided with durable solutions.	100% refugees have access to sufficient basic and social services (health, security, sanitation, education, shelter etc) as well as livelihood requirements	Number of refugees with access to at least nine liters of safe clean water per person per day	Number of UAMs identified, supported and reunified with family members

### CAP 2010 STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 3: DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE STRENGTHENING OF DISTRICT CAPACITY FOR EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE.

TARGET INDICATORS	100% of asylum seekers accepted as refugees are registered and receive protection/ material assistance in a coordinated and timely manner	0% cases of <i>refoulement</i>	% of refugee arrivals have and are provided with access to basic services - health, nutrition, education, sanitation, clean water supplies	Number of PSNs, elderly, disabled persons etc identified and have access to protection and other specialized services
	Number of local communities sensitized and supported on the presence and community support to the arrivals	Number of facilities and related infrastructure constructed, maintained and equipped to address the refugee influx - temporary shelters, reception centres, office blocks, schools, health facilities, water sources etc		Coordinate the development of an interagency contingency plan to respond to refugee influxes

## BUNYORO REGION-WESTERN UGANDA- CONSOLIDATED APPEAL 2010 UGANDA: -PROTECTION SECTOR-IDPS - MAY-AUGUST PROGRESS CHART

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According to local authorities, Kiryandongo district (recently carved out of Masindi district) hosts about 55,000 IDPs from the Acholi sub-region. In view of the transition from relief to recovery and ongoing returns and resettlement, another IDP head and household count by local authorities is necessary and already planned for later this year to secure credible and updated statistics on residual numbers and precise locations, including ascertaining EVI/PSN households. Following the count & mapping exercise, a mini Durable Solutions Assessment or rapid intentions' survey will be necessary to establish a baseline for a coordinated and targeted programming response, to include support to EVIs/PSNs.

Interim priority actions focus on key protection concerns: (i) EVIs/PSNs; (ii) SGBV (women battering, defilement, rape, and early/forced marriages); and (iii) access to basic services.

In collaboration with the district government, the following activities will be undertaken: (i) Trainings of Area Land Committees and sub-county courts; and (ii) Community outreaches on SGBV, protection and human rights.

Above efforts notwithstanding, critical protection concerns and durable solution gaps persist. There is need for greater and sustained local government leadership and ownership of process; stronger recovery support from the central government; and joint advocacy for a targeted and sustained recovery effort to support IDPs achieve sustainable durable solutions.

### CAP 2010 STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1: BASIC SERVICES

To supplement Government efforts to save lives and alleviate suffering, as the basis for creating the conditions to achieve Durable Solutions.

TARGET INDICATORS

Number of PSN/EVIs supported to achieve durable solution

Number of camps closed/ transformed into viable communities

# ADJUMANI DISTRICT (WEST NILE) -CONSOLIDATED APPEAL 2010 UGANDA: PROTECTION SECTOR-IDPs- MAY-AUGUST QUARTER PROGRESS CHART

The progress chart operates in two levels: The text in each box expresses the indicators of the clusters and the colors show the trend, toward meeting the target by the end of 2010.

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Adjumani District in the West Nile region of northern Uganda hosts approximately 7,365 internally displaced persons (IDPs), the majority of whom reside in eight camps. Others live together with the host community. Local Councils I operating at the district level conducted an original assessment of Extremely Vulnerable Individuals (EVIs) and Persons with Special Needs (PSNs) in Adjumani, through which they identified approximately 376 individuals in need of support. Following a re-verification exercise conducted by UNHCR and the Danish Refugee Council (DRC), 300 EVI/PSNs were identified to benefit from community-driven shelter and latrine construction as well as livelihood assistance in areas of return. The first phase of huts and latrine construction for 50 EVI/PSNs is on-going and the second phase is scheduled for construction during the dry season (November and December 2010). Livelihood and Non-food Items (NFIs) support and assistance will be provided once the individuals settle in their new homes in areas of return.

Thus far, none of the eight camps in Adjumani have closed. However, a joint meeting was held with the aim to finalize closure plans for the IDP camps. It was concluded that all camps qualify for closure in accordance with the Office of the Prime Minister (OPM) guidelines on camp phase-out. In this regard UNHCR and implementing partners will jointly support district efforts to phase-out camps by the end of December 2010.

## CAP 2010 STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1: BASIC SERVICES To supplement Government efforts to save lives and alleviate suffering, as the basis for creating the conditions to achieve Durable Solutions.

